

Industry and Employment SEPP & Transport Corridor Advertising and Signage Guidelines Assessment

1 Industry and Employment SEPP Assessment

(a) The proposal is assessed to be	Compliance
(a) The proposal is assessed to be	
compatible with the visual character and desired amenity of the locality as it is proposed install digital advertising signage. The sign will have a high design quality and is compatible with the land use character of the location. (b) The proposal will be assessed and regulated under Part 4 of the EP&A Act and will be appropriately managed by the Minister's conditions of consent. (c) Duration of consent for the proposal will be controlled by section 3.12 of the SEPP and will be consistent with the Minister's conditions of consent. (d) The proposal does not present any significant road safety issues and is not expected to compromise road safety in its vicinity. The proposal is also regulated against the Guidelines. (e) The proposal demonstrates public benefit by providing a revenue stream for the State Government and by providing important information to customers in special events and circumstances.	
The proposal constitutes an advertisement to which Part 3 of the SEPP applies. The Princes Highway is a State classified road (Highway 1) under the Roads Act 1993.	✓
	character and desired amenity of the locality as it is proposed install digital advertising signage. The sign will have a high design quality and is compatible with the land use character of the location. (b) The proposal will be assessed and regulated under Part 4 of the EP&A Act and will be appropriately managed by the Minister's conditions of consent. (c) Duration of consent for the proposal will be controlled by section 3.12 of the SEPP and will be consistent with the Minister's conditions of consent. (d) The proposal does not present any significant road safety issues and is not expected to compromise road safety in its vicinity. The proposal is also regulated against the Guidelines. (e) The proposal demonstrates public benefit by providing a revenue stream for the State Government and by providing important information to customers in special events and circumstances. The proposal constitutes an advertisement to which Part 3 of the SEPP applies. The Princes Highway is a State classified road (Highway 1) under



Industry and Employment SEPP Provision	Comment	Compliance
madstry and Employment SELL Trovision	The proposal constitutes an advertisement on railway corridor land.	Compliance
3.6 Granting of consent to signage		
A consent authority must not grant development consent to an application to display signage unless the consent authority is satisfied: (a) that the signage is consistent with the objectives of this Policy as set out in section 3.1 (1) (a), and (b) that the signage the subject of the application satisfies the assessment criteria specified in Schedule 5.	An assessment against section 3.1 (1) (a) is provided above. The SEE undertakes a detailed assessment demonstrating that the proposal is consistent with the objectives of the Policy and the Assessment Criteria specified in Schedule 5.	✓
3.7 Advertisements to which this Part applies		
 This Part applies to all signage to which this Policy applies, other than the following: (a) business identification signs, (b) building identification signs, (c) signage that, or the display of which, is exempt development under an environmental planning instrument that applies to it, (d) signage on vehicles. (2) Despite subsection (1) (d), section 3.26 applies to signage on a trailer (within the meaning of the Road Transport Act 2013). 	The proposal constitutes an advertisement under the provisions of Part 3.3.	✓
3.8 Prohibited advertisements		
 (1) Despite the provisions of any other environmental planning instrument, the display of an advertisement is prohibited on land that, under an environmental planning instrument, is within any of the following zones or descriptions: environmentally sensitive area heritage area (excluding railway stations) natural or other conservation area open space waterway residential (but not including a mixed residential and business zone, or similar zones) scenic protection area nature reserve 	The land upon which the sign is proposed to be erected is not described as being within any of the zones or descriptions identified and therefore it is not a prohibited advertisement.	
 (2) This section does not apply to the following: (a) the Mount Panorama Precinct, (b) the display of an advertisement at a public sporting facility situated on 		



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land zoned public recreation under an environmental planning instrument, being an advertisement that provides information about the sponsors of the teams or organisations using the sporting facility or about the products of those sponsors.	Comment	Соттристес
3.10 Consent authority		
For the purposes of this Policy, the consent authority is: (a) the council of a local government area in the case of an advertisement displayed in the local government area (unless paragraph (c), (d) or (e) applies), or (b) TfNSW in the case of an advertisement displayed on a vessel, or (c) the Minister for Planning in the case of an advertisement displayed by or on behalf of RailCorp, NSW Trains, Sydney Trains, Sydney Metro or TfNSW on a railway corridor, or (d) the Minister for Planning in the case of an advertisement displayed by or on behalf of RMS on - (i) a road that is a freeway or tollway (under the Roads Act 1993) or associated road use land that is adjacent to such a road, or (ii) a bridge constructed by or on behalf of RMS on any road corridor, or (iii) land that is owned, occupied or managed by RMS, or (e) the Minister for Planning in the case of an advertisement displayed on transport corridor land comprising a road known as the Sydney Harbour Tunnel, the Eastern Distributor, the M2 Motorway, the M4 Motorway, the M5 Motorway, the M7 Motorway, the Cross City Tunnel or the Lane Cove Tunnel, or associated road use land that is adjacent to such a	In accordance with Section 3.10(c), the Minister for Planning and Public Spaces is the consent authority for the proposal as it is on behalf of Sydney Trains on a railway corridor.	
road. 3.11 Matters for consideration		
(1) A consent authority (other than in a case to which subsection (2) applies) must not grant consent to an application to display an advertisement to which this Policy applies unless the advertisement or the advertising structure, as the case requires:	The proposal satisfies the objectives detailed in Section 3.11(1). The SEE concludes that the proposal is consistent with the assessment criteria detailed in	√



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Industry and Employment SEPP Provision	Comment	Compliance
(a) is consistent with the objectives of	Schedule 5 and in the Signage	
this Policy as set out in section 3.1	Guidelines.	
(1) (a), and	As a sub-of-the condition the	
(b) has been assessed by the consent	As part of the application, the	
authority in accordance with the assessment criteria in Schedule 1	Applicant has committed to the	
and the consent authority is satisfied	provision of funding towards essential Sydney Trains services to	
that the proposal is acceptable in	the benefit of the local community.	
terms of its impacts, and	the benefit of the local community.	
(c) satisfies any other relevant		
requirements of this Policy.		
(2) If the Minister for Planning is the consent		
authority or section 3.16 or 3.22 applies		
to the case, the consent authority must		
not grant consent to an application to		
display an advertisement to which this		
Policy applies unless the advertisement		
or the advertising structure, as the case		
requires:		
(a) is consistent with the objectives of		
this Policy as set out in section 3.1		
(1) (a), and		
(b) has been assessed by the consent authority in accordance with the		
assessment criteria in Schedule 5		
and in the Guidelines and the		
consent authority is satisfied that		
the proposal is acceptable in terms		
of		
(i) design, and		
(ii) road safety, and		
(iii) the public benefits to be		
provided in connection with the		
display of the advertisement,		
and		
(c) satisfies any other relevant requirements of this Policy.		
(3) In addition, if section 3.16 or 3.22		
applies to the case, the consent		
authority must not grant consent unless		
arrangements that are consistent with		
the Guidelines have been entered into		
for the provision of the public benefits to		
be provided in connection with the		
display of the advertisement.		
3.12 Duration of consents		
(1) A consent granted under this Part	It is acknowledged that any consent	✓
ceases to be in force:	granted for the application would	
(a) on the expiration of 15 years after	expire 15 years after the date on	
the date on which the consent	which the consent becomes	
becomes effective and operates in	effective.	
accordance with section 83 of the		
Act, or		



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ind		y and Employment SEPP Provision	Comment	Compliance
	(b)	if a lesser period is specified by the		
		consent authority, on the expiration		
(2)	The	of the lesser period.		
(2)		e consent authority may specify a		
	-	iod of less than 15 years only if: before the commencement of this		
	(a)	Part, the consent authority had		
		adopted a policy of granting		
		consents in relation to applications		
		to display advertisements for a		
		lesser period and the duration of the		
		consent specified by the consent		
		authority is consistent with that		
		policy, or		
	(b)	the area in which the advertisement		
		is to be displayed is undergoing		
		change in accordance with an		
		environmental planning instrument that aims to change the nature and		
		character of development and, in		
		the opinion of the consent authority,		
		the proposed advertisement would		
		be inconsistent with that change, or		
	(c)	the specification of a lesser period is		
		required by another provision of this		
		Policy.		
		ansport corridor land		
(1)		spite section 3.8(1) and the provisions	(1) In accordance with subsection	\checkmark
		any other environmental planning trument, the display of an	(1)(a), the proposal is permissible with development	
		vertisement on transport corridor land	consent as the application is	
		permissible with development consent	for the display of an	
		he following cases permissible with	advertisement on behalf of	
		relopment consent in the following	Sydney Trains on a rail corridor.	
	cas	es:	(2) In accordance with subsection	
	a.	the display of an advertisement by or	(2), the Minister may appoint a	
		on behalf of RailCorp, NSW Trains,	design review panel to provide	
		Sydney Trains, Sydney Metro or	advice concerning the design	
	h	TfNSW on a railway corridor,	quality of the proposal. (3) In accordance with subsection	
	b.	the display of an advertisement by or on behalf of TfNSW on:	(3), Council will be formally	
		(i) a road that is a freeway or	advised of the development	
		tollway (under the Roads Act	application as part of DPIE's	
		1993) or associated road use	assessment.	
		land that is adjacent to such a	(4) In accordance with subsection	
		road, or	(4), an assessment against the	
		(ii) a bridge constructed by or on	Signage Guidelines has been	
		behalf of TfNSw on any road	provided in the SEE.	
		corridor, or		
		(iii) land that is owned, occupied or		
		managed by TfNSW and that is within 250 metres of a classified		
		road,		
		. 544,		



Industry and Employment SE	PP Provision	Comment	Compliance
c. the display of an adv	ertisement on		
transport corridor lar	nd comprising a		
road known as the S	ydney Harbour		
Tunnel, the Eastern I	Distributor, the		
M2 Motorway, the M	4 Motorway, the		
M5 Motorway, the M	7 Motorway, the		
Cross City Tunnel or	the Lane Cove		
Tunnel, or associated	d road use land		
that is adjacent to su	ıch a road.		
(2) Before determining an ap	oplication for		
consent to the display of			
advertisement in such a			
Minister for Planning may			
design review panel to pr			
the Minister concerning t			
quality of the proposed a	dvertisement.		
(3) The Minister must not gra	ant consent to		
the display of an advertis			
case unless:			
(a) the relevant local col	uncil has been		
notified of the develo	pment		
application in writing	and any		
comments received	by the Minister		
from the local counc	il within 28 days		
have been considere	d by the		
Minister, and			
(b) the advice of any des	sign review		
panel appointed by t	he Minister has		
been considered by t	the Minister,		
and			
(c) the Minister is satisfi	ed that the		
advertisement is con	sistent with the		
Guidelines.			
(4) This clause does not app			
of an advertisement if the			
determines that display o			
advertisement is not com			
surrounding land use, tal			
consideration any releva	nt provisions of		
the Guidelines.			
	splay area greater	than 20 square metres or higher than	8 metres
above ground			
(1) This clause applies to an		An assessment against the	\checkmark
(a) that has a display are	_	assessment criteria in Schedule 5	
20 square metres, or		is provided within the SEE.	
(b) that is higher than 8	metres above		
the ground.		Section 3.16 does not apply	
(2) The display of an advertis			
this clause applies is adv			
development for the purp			
(3) The consent authority mu	_		
consent to an application			
advertisement to which t	his clause		
applies unless:			



Industry and Employment SEPP Provision (a) the applicant has provided the consent authority with an impact statement that addresses the	Compliance
assessment criteria in Schedule 5 and the consent authority is satisfied that the proposal is acceptable in terms of its impacts, and (b) the consent authority gave a copy of the application to TfNSW before the application is exhibited if the application is an application for the display of an advertisement to which section 3.16 applies.	
3.16 Advertisements greater than 20 square metres and within 250 metres of, and visit classified road	sible from, a
 (1) This section applies to the display of an advertisement to which section 3.15 applies, that is within 250 metres of a classified road any part of which is visible from the classified road. (2) The consent authority must not grant development consent to the display of an advertisement to which this section applies without the concurrence of TfNSW. (3) In deciding whether or not concurrence should be granted, TfNSW must take into consideration: (a) the impact of the display of the advertisement on traffic safety, and (b) the Guidelines. (c) (Repealed) (4) If TfNSW has not informed the consent authority within 21 days after the copy of the application is given to it under section 3.15(2)(b) that it has granted, or has declined to grant, its concurrence, TfNSW is taken to have granted its concurrence. (5) Nothing in this section affects section 3.14. (6) This section does not apply when the Minister for Planning is the consent authority. 	N/A
3.17 Advertising display area greater than 45 square metres	
Section 3.17 does not apply as the proposal has an advertising display area less than 45m².	N/A
3.18 Location of certain names and logos	
(1) The name or logo of the person who owns or leases an advertisement or advertising structure may appear only within the advertising display area. A compliant operator logo will also be located at the bottom of the screen and within the skirting of the sign.	✓



Ind	ustry a	and Employment SEPP Provision	Comment	Compliance
	borde logo (a) v (b) v t The a	e advertising display area has no er or surrounds, any such name or is to be located: within the advertisement, or within a strip below the advertisement that extends for the full width of the advertisement. area of any such name or logo must be greater than 0.25 square metres.		
(4)	The a	area of any such strip is to be ded in calculating the size of the rtising display area.		
3.2	0 Wal	I advertisements		
	Only displayed to a variation (a) to a variation (b) f	one wall advertisement may be ayed per building elevation. Consent authority may grant consent wall advertisement only if—the consent authority is satisfied that the advertisement is integrated with the design of the building on which it is to be displayed, and for a building having—ti) an above ground elevation of 200 square metres or more—the advertisement does not exceed 10% of the above ground elevation, and the advertisement does not exceed 20 square metres but less than 200 square metres, and an above ground elevation of 100 square metres, and an above ground elevation of 100 square metres or less—the advertisement does not exceed 20% of the above ground elevation, and the advertisement does not protrude more than 300 millimetres from the wall, unless occupational health and	The proposal is not a wall advertisement.	N/A
	(d) t (e) t (f) t (g) a	safety standards require a greater protrusion, and when advertisement does not protrude above the parapet or eaves, and when advertisement does not extend over a window or other opening, and when advertisement does not obscure significant architectural elements of the building, and a building identification sign or obscures of the signification sign or obscure ousiness identification sign is not displayed on the building elevation.		



(2A adv sub cor sat	ustry and Employment SEPP Provision) In the case of the display of a wall vertisement on transport corridor land, section (2) does not apply and the sent authority may grant consent only if isfied that the advertisement is consistent the Guidelines. In this clause, building elevation means an elevation of a building as commonly shown on building plans.	Comment	Compliance
3.2	1 Freestanding advertisement		
	The consent authority may grant consent to the display of a freestanding advertisement only if the advertising structure on which the advertisement is displayed does not protrude above the dominant skyline, including any buildings, structures or tree canopies, when viewed from ground level within a visual catchment of 1 kilometre.	The proposal is a freestanding advertisement. The height of the proposal is below the dominant skyline (railway infrastructure and street lighting) and tree canopies surrounding the site.	✓
3.2	2 Advertisements on bridges		
(2)	A person may, with the consent of the consent authority, display an advertisement on a bridge. The consent authority may grant consent only if the consent authority is satisfied that the advertisement is consistent with the Guidelines. (Repealed)	The proposal is not a bridge advertisement.	N/A



2 Transport Corridor Advertising and Signage Guidelines Assessment

2.1 Land Use Compatibility Criteria - Transport Corridor Advertising

Land	Jse Compatibility Criteria	Response	Compliance
i. The a g inc obj	e use of outdoor advertising in given locality should not be consistent with the land use jectives for the area outlined the relevant LEP.	The proposal is compatible with the existing and desired future character of the area as it reduces the advertising area of an existing sign and improves the quality of the advertising structure. The proposal is consistent with the zone objectives being within an SP2 transport corridor located between the Princes Highway and the railway line.	√ v
pla sig foll sig am en hei sta nai are oppospo spo red wa res inc bus	vertisements must not be acced on land where the lange is visible from the dowing areas, if it is likely to inificantly impact on the penity of those areas: vironmentally sensitive area aritage area (excluding railway pations) tural or other conservation eacen space (excluding pations) advertising at porting facilities in public pareation zones) atterway sidential area (but not eluding a mixed residential and siness zone, or similar zones) enic protection area pational park or nature reserve.	The proposal will be visible from the Kiama Cemetery heritage item and from residential areas at a great distance. The visual impacts to these areas are considered minimal given the sign is 10% smaller than the existing sign and are further considered in the Visual Impact Assessment (Appendix 6).	
be pro sky coi vie	vertising structures should not located so as to dominate or otrude significantly above the viline or to obscure or mpromise significant scenic lews or views that add to the paracter of the area.	The height of the sign is below surrounding infrastructure associated with the railway and Princes Highway and is also below the canopy. The sign will not impact any significant scenic views.	✓
be hei of l	vertising structures should not located so as to diminish the ritage values of items or areas local, regional or state ritage significance.	The proposal will not cause significant impacts on any items of heritage significance.	√
str wit str bui	nere possible, advertising uctures should be placed thin the context of other built uctures in preference to non-ill areas. Where possible, thanks to be used to	The proposal is considered to be consistent with the context of the existing setting, being an established major road and rail corridor, and will provide visual interest to motorists along the Princes Highway.	✓



Land Use Compatibility Criteria	Response	Compliance
enhance the visual landscape. For example, signs may be positioned adjacent to, or screening, unsightly aspects of a landscape, industrial sites or infrastructure such as railway lines or power lines.		

Table 1: Land Use Compatibility Criteria - Signage Guidelines

2.2 Digital Sign Criteria (applies to signs greater than or equal to 20 sqm)

De	sign Sign Criteria	Comment	Compliance
a.	Each advertisement must be displayed in a completely static manner, without any motion, for the approved dwell time as per criterion (d) below	Static digital advertisements will appear on the screen for a 25 second dwell time before changing to a new static digital image.	✓
b.	Message sequencing designed to make a driver anticipate the next message is prohibited across images presented on a single sign and across a series of signs.	The signage content will be managed in order to comply with the requirements for message sequencing.	✓
C.	The image must not be capable of being mistaken: i. For a prescribed traffic control device because it has, for example, red, amber or green circles, octagons, crosses or triangles or shapes or patterns that may result in the advertisement being mistaken for a prescribed traffic control device. ii. As text providing driving instructions to drivers.	The signage content will be managed in order to ensure images are not capable of being mistaken for a traffic control device or as text providing driving instructions to drivers.	✓
d.	Dwell times for image display must not be less than: i. 10 seconds for areas where the speed limit is below 80km/h ii. 25 seconds for areas where the speed limit is 80km/h and over	A compliant dwell time of 25 seconds is proposed.	✓
e.	The transition time between messages must be no longer than 0.1 seconds, and in the event of image failure, the default image must be a black screen.	The transition time between messages will be no longer than 0.1 seconds and the default image in the event of image failure will be a black screen.	√
f.	Luminance levels must comply with the requirements in Section 3 below.	The Luminance criteria is addressed within the SEE and the LIA (Appendix 4).	√



Des	sign Sign Criteria	Comment	Compliance
g.	The images displayed on the sign must not otherwise unreasonably dazzle or distract drivers without limitation to their colouring or contain flickering or flashing content.	The signage content will be managed in order to ensure drivers are not unreasonably distracted.	√
h.	The amount of text and information supplied on a sign should be kept to a minimum (e.g. no more than a driver can read at a short glance).	The signage content will be managed in order to ensure text and information is kept to a minimum.	✓
i.	Any sign that is within 250m of a classified road and is visible from a school zone must be switched to a fixed display during school zone hours.	The proposal will not be visible from a school zone.	√
j.	Each sign proposal must be assessed on a case-by-case basis including replacement of an existing fixed, scrolling or tri-vision sign with a digital sign, and in the instance of a sign being visible from each direction, both directions for each location must be assessed on their own merits.	This SEE provides a comprehensive assessment of the proposal and considers impacts of the digital advertising sign on both directions of the Princes Highway.	✓
k.	At any time, including where the speed limit in the area of the sign is changed, if detrimental effect is identified on road safety post installation of a digital sign, RMS reserves the right to re-assess the site using an independent RMS-accredited road safety auditor. Any safety issues identified by the auditor and options for rectifying the issues are to be discussed between RMS and the sign owner and operator.	This requirement is noted.	✓
I.	Sign spacing should limit drivers' view to a single sign at any given time with a distance of no less than 150m between signs in any one corridor. Exemptions for low speed, high pedestrian zones or CBD zones will be assessed by RMS as part of their concurrence role.	The proposal is the only advertising sign within 150m of the sign and relates to the digital conversion of an existing sign.	√
m.	Signs greater than or equal to 20sqm must obtain RMS concurrence and must ensure the following minimum vertical clearances; i. 2.5m from lowest point of the sign above the road surface if located outside the clear zone	Noted. However, under section 4.13 of the EP&A Act, concurrence is not required as the Minister is the consent authority. The Minister is required only to consult with TfNSW. The proposal is not located above the road surface.	✓



De	sign Sign Criteria	Comment	Compliance
	ii. 5.5m from lowest point of the sign above the road surface if located within the clear zone (including shoulders and traffic lanes) or the deflection zone of a safety barrier if a safety barrier is installed. If attached to road infrastructure (such as an overpass), the sign must be located so that no portion of the advertising sign is lower than the minimum vertical clearance under the overpass or supporting structure at the corresponding location.		
n.	An electronic log of a sign's operational activity must be maintained by the operator for the duration of the development consent and be available to the consent authority and/or RMS to allow a review of the sign's activity in case of a complaint.	This criteria is noted and can be included as a condition of consent.	√
0.	A road safety check which focuses on the effects of the placement and operation of all signs over 20sqm must be carried out in accordance with Part 3 of the RMS Guidelines for Road Safety Audit Practices after a 12 month period of operation but within 18 months of the signs installation. The road safety check must be carried out by an independent RMS-accredited road safety auditor who did not contribute to the original application documentation. A copy of the report is to be provided to RMS and any safety concerns identified by the auditor relating to the operation or installation of the sign must be rectified by the applicant. In cases where the applicant is the RMS, the report is to be provided to the Department of Planning and Environment as well.	This criteria is noted and can be included as a condition of consent.	

Table 2: Digital Sign Criteria – Signage Guidelines



2.3 Freestanding Advertisements Criteria

Freestanding Signage Criteria	Response	Compliance
a. The advertising structure must not protrude above the dominant skyline, including any buildings, infrastructure or tree canopies, when viewed from ground level within a visual catchment of 1km. Note: This impact should be measured from the vehicle approach location and any other critical viewpoints.	The height of the sign is below surrounding infrastructure associated with the railway and Princes Highway and is also below the canopy. The sign will not impact any significant scenic views.	✓
b. For a freestanding advertisement greater than 45sqm that requires consent from local council, a DCP must be in force that has been prepared on the basis of an advertising design analysis for the relevant area or precinct.	N/A.	N/A.
c. Where the sign is in a transport corridor a landscape management plan may be required as part of the DA approval for a freestanding advertisement. This may include requirements to provide appropriate vegetation behind and adjacent to the advertising structure to minimise unintended visual impacts. Landscaping should include trees, shrubs and ground covers to provide adequate screening, softening, colour, soil stabilisation and weed reduction.	The proposed sign is not surrounded by any significant vegetation and therefore does not require a landscape management plan. No additional landscaping is required to screen the proposed advertising structure from sensitive receivers.	✓

Table 3: Freestanding signage Criteria – Signage Guidelines